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# Statement of Work Toolkit.

These tools are takeaways from your Statement of Work eLearning Program. Use them to help with your Statement of Work.

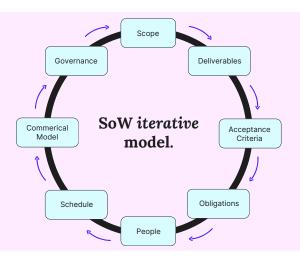
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# 1. Preparing Statements of Work Toolkit.

# SoW Iterative Model.

Statements of Work are an iterative process. Keep in mind that discussing one section informs another. Do not hesitate to revisit, improve, and clarify your work.



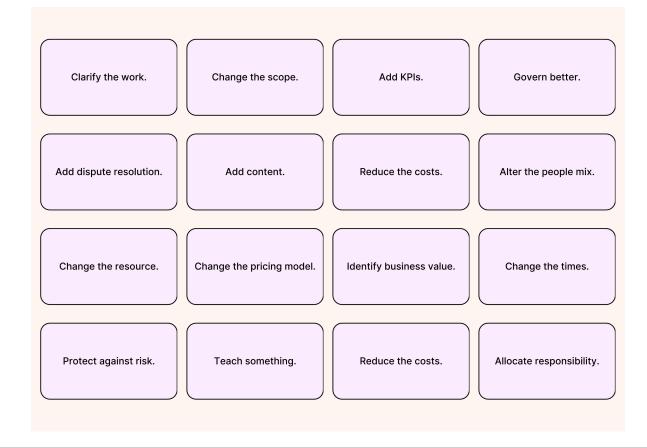
### 8 key Statement of Work Questions.

Pre-brief the key stakeholders involved in your Statement of Work with these tools to enhance work performance.

Question		Statement of Work Section
How will the provider help the client to achieve their outcomes?	$\longrightarrow$	Scope
What tangible items will the provider deliver to the client?	$\longrightarrow$	Deliverables
How will the client know if what the provider delivered is satisfactory?	$\longrightarrow$	Acceptance Criteria
What requirements or information does the provider need from the client?	$\longrightarrow$	Obligations
Which individuals are involved in the work?	$\rightarrow$	People
When is the scheduled timeframe for the provider to complete the work?	$\rightarrow$	Schedule
When will the client provide payment to provider?	$\rightarrow$	Commercial Model
How will the management of the work be handled?	$\longrightarrow$	Governance

#### **Outcomes: Bingo Card.**

Use this Bingo Card to identify ways to add value to the Statement of Work. Achieving one outcome is a success.



# 2. Scope and Deliverables Toolkit

# **Killer Scope Questions.**

Asking these questions can streamline your process and bring clarity to your Statement of Work.

- 1. What's the problem you're trying to solve?
- 2. Who wrote this?
- 3. How does it align with the company's strategy and strategic objectives?
- 4. What benefits will the project or service provide?
- 5. What outputs will the work achieve, and how do they link to the overall outcome?
- 6. Can we get a subject Matter Expert to review the scope?
- 7. How will we know the work has been successfully completed?
- 8. What's the scale of the unknowns? Should there be a paid Discovery Phase?

# Scope Checklist.

Could you use this checklist during scope reviews?

#### Identify and replace.

🗋 Jargon.

- Unclear writing.
- Passive voice.

#### Identify and add.

🗋 Lists.

□ Roles and responsibilities.

Duration.

☐ An example in the appendices.

Methods that will be used.

# **Deliverables Table.**

Add a Deliverables table to your Statement of Work.

Deliverables	Description	Acceptance Criteria	Due Date	Deliverable Owner
{delname1}	{deldescr1}	{delac1}	{delduedate1}	{Name of person responsible for Deliverable}
{delname2}	{deldescr2}	{delac2}	{delduedate2}	{Name of person responsible for Deliverable}
{delname3}	{deldescr3}	{delac3}	{delduedate3}	{Name of person responsible for Deliverable}

# 3. Governance and Automation Toolkit.

# To understand the risks, ask the following:

To create a properly scaled governance structure, it's essential to comprehend potential challenges that may arise in your project.

- 1. What are the ways this project could go wrong?
- 2. What is the likelihood of this project going wrong in those ways?
- 3. If the project goes wrong in those ways, how bad would that outcome be for the business?
- 4. What controls, such as meetings and reports, can you put in place to ensure the project is delivered successfully?
- 5. If the project is going wrong, when in the schedule would be a good time for the project team to intervene so they are still able to remedy the situation?
- 6. How can you ensure early visibility of things going wrong so that you can put measures in place to get back on track?

# Obligations.

Assign clear and measurable responsibilities within the Obligation/Dependency table.

Party	Both Parties agree to the following obligations	Responsible Person
[Provider Name]	[providerobligations1]	[name]
[Provider Name]	[providerobligations2]	[name]
[Provider Name]	[providerobligations3]	[name]
[Buyer Name]	[buyerobligation1]	[name]
[Buyer Name]	[buyerobligation2]	[name]
[Buyer Name]	[buyerobligation3]	[name]

# 4. Governance and the SoW Toolkit.

#### Governance Table.

Incorporate a Governance Table into your Statement of Work to outline and agree upon the methods and schedule for reviewing the work.

Report or Meeting Name	Report or Meeting Description	Frequency	Due Date	Audience/ Attendees	Format/ Location
[reportname 1]	[reportdescr 1]	[reportfreq1]	[reportdue1]	[reportaud1]	[reportform1 ]
[meetingna me1]	[meetingdes cr1]	[meetingfreq 1]	[meetdue1]	[meetattend 1]	[meetloc1]

#### **Replacement** Deliverables Template.

We use this template text...

If the replacement deliverable does not, in **[buyername]'s** reasonable opinion materially conform to the acceptance criteria, **[buyername]** may reject the deliverable for a second time.

**[buyername]** may, at its option, either (i) return the deliverable and receive a refund of all fees paid for that deliverable, or (ii) require **[suppliername]** to correct the deliverable, without charge and in a timely manner (in which case acceptance of the deliverable shall not occur until the deliverable conforms to the acceptance criteria as reasonably determined by **[buyername]**).

### Acceptance Process Template.

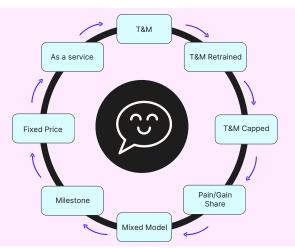
We use this template text...

[buyername] shall have five [acceptanceperiod] business days to review each deliverable against the relevant acceptance criteria ("Acceptance Period"). If [buyername] does not reject the deliverable within the acceptance period, the deliverable shall be deemed to be accepted. In the event that [buyername] rejects the deliverable, as in the Customer's reasonable opinion the deliverables do not materially conform with the acceptance criteria, both parties shall discuss the reason for rejection and, where reasonable, [providername] shall correct the rejected deliverable which shall then be subject to an additional acceptance period. [buyername] shall not unreasonably withhold acceptance of any deliverable and shall not unreasonably reject the deliverable.

# 5. Commercial Strategy Toolkit.

#### **Commercial Models.**

Be sure to explore and discuss the available options for the commercial model, making a deliberate choice that aligns with the nature of the work, the team involved, and the specific requirements of the project or service.



# 2 Steps to Choosing a Commercial Model.

**Step 1:** Analyse the work.

Step 2: Test different models.

This tool enables open and transparent discussions between the business and the supplier regarding personnel structure and scheduling.

Start Date	End Date	Days	Name	Grade	Supplier Start Date	LinkedIn	Role
1/1/24	1/1/25	366	Simon Day	Partner	12/12/2015	[Link]	Program Lead
18/2/24	28/2/24	10	Carla Smith	Director	23/08/2022	[Link]	Programme Manager

# **Querying People Schedule.**

Use these questions to promote discussion around the People Schedule.

- 1. When do people start and end the project?
- 2. If everyone starts together, then what does everyone do on day one?
- 3. What is the balance of junior and senior staff on the project?
- 4. Who are the key personnel, and who's replaceable?
- 5. And why are they key?
- 6. Where are they based?
- 7. Will they be paid overtime?
- 8. Are they subcontractors?
- 9. Are they recent hires, and are we paying to train them?
- 10. Are they being treated correctly?
- 11. What holidays will they take?

# **Querying Time Checklist.**

Use these questions to think flexibly and enhance the schedules in your Statement of Work.

- □ Tell us what factors influence when the work can start and end?
- What could happen if you started delivery earlier or later?
- What could be achieved if we doubled the size of the team?
- Does the work help or hinder other projects and their timeframes?